Chapter 5 – Erecting Exterior Long Walls

Preparation	1.	Apply two generous beads of air sealing caulk parallel to each other along the entire length
		where the wall will stand except at door openings. Stay at least 2" away from chalk line and deck
		edge. Apply a bead of caulk perpendicular to the two long beads at ends of deck and each door
		opening.
	2.	Assemble two braces for each long wall. With one 16d duplex nail, attach the 2x4 brace to each
		end stud near the upper plate to serve as a temporary support.
Erecting the	3.	Stand the wall section up, keeping the inside of the floor plate flush to the chalk line on the
Long Walls		deck.
		a. Align the 5½" marks on the bottom plates with the adjoining wall chalk lines (the ends of the
		wall may not align with the edge of the deck).
		b. Working from one end of the wall to the other, nail the wall to the deck.
	4.	Brace the wall at each end using the long 2x4 braces attached to the wall.
		a. Tip the wall out slightly (about ½").
		b. Rotate the 2x4 spacer block attached to the brace horizontally, nail to the rim. Add a second
		nail through the brace into the 2x4 spacer block.
		c. Secure the top of the brace with a second 16d duplex nail.
	5.	Install turnbuckle pipe braces in the middle sections of the wall for extra support.
		a. Use three 2½" drywall screws in the upper plate and through the floor into an I-joist.
		b. Or, screw the brace into 2x blocking secured to two I-joists with 16d duplex nails.
		c. Install the braces 10' to 12' apart, but don't place the brace where an interior wall will
		intersect an exterior wall.

Quality Points

Chapter 5 – Erecting Exterior Long Walls

- Thick, double line of caulk laid on deck under bottom plate
- Wall bottom plate is properly secured along chalk line and lined up with short wall marks
- Wall is braced at ends and center
 - o Bottom of brace has a 2x spacer against rim board
- Wall is slightly 'out' at top